

## The new and Improved Woburn FAQs

### What has changed?

We are changing the manufacturing method to leave a softly distressed effect.

### How?

We are using a tried and trusted method already available in the market and moved production to our Leighton Buzzard works. This means there is likely to be a slight change in colour.

### Why have we decided to change?

Health and safety is at the heart of everything we do. This method eliminates many of the risks posed by the original rumbling method. Market research has also identified the installers want a less distressed product that provides the finished look immediately and doesn't need to wait until it is cleaned.

### What about my display?

Speak to your TSM about replacing your old for new on your display.

### When can I see samples?

Our sales team will be provided with samples of the new finish from the beginning of December and will be showing these as they visit you.

### What about ordering?

We will be creating new product codes with information available on your price lists via your TSM. We do not recommend keeping stock of old and new product together as there will be a visual difference. We will notify you of the switch dates. Stockists and existing contracts will be able to place orders up to the cut off date

For more information contact your local Bradstone representative.

# Be dust aware!

## What is Silicosis?

Silica is a substance naturally found in certain types of stone, rock, sand and clay.

Working with these materials can create a very fine dust that can be easily inhaled. Once inside the lungs, the dust particles are attacked by the immune system causing inflammation and gradually leads to areas of hardened and scarred lung tissue (fibrosis).

The symptoms of silicosis usually take many years to develop, and you may not notice any problems until after you've stopped working with silica dust.



## Symptoms of Silicosis

- a persistent cough
- persistent shortness of breath
- weakness and tiredness

## Preventing Silicosis

Silicosis can be prevented by avoiding prolonged exposure to silica dust. Look to control the dust with water suppression or on-tool extraction

